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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/729,911	9,911 12/09/2003		Juraj Babjak	2003_1783A	3302		
513	7590	02/25/2005		EXAMINER			
	-	IND & PONACK, L	ANDREWS, MELVYN J				
2033 K STF SUITE 800		w.		ART UNIT	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
WASHING	WASHINGTON, DC 20006-1021			1742			
				DATE MAILED: 02/25/200	DATE MAILED: 02/25/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Applic	ation No.	Applicant(s)						
	10/729	9,911	BABJAK ET AL.						
Office Action Summary	Exami	ner	Art Unit						
	Melvyn	J. Andrews	1742						
The MAILING DATE of this community Period for Reply	nication appears on	the cover sheet with the d	correspondence ad	dress					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD IN THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUND. - Extensions of time may be available under the provision after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this come. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (1) If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum is Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply Any reply received by the Office later than three months earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no munication. 30) days, a reply within the tatutory period will apply an y will, by statute, cause the	event, however, may a reply be tir statutory minimum of thirty (30) day d will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this c (D) (35 U.S.C. § 133).						
Status									
1) Responsive to communication(s) fil	ed on								
2a)☐ This action is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This action is	s non-final.							
3) Since this application is in condition									
Disposition of Claims									
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/s 5)□ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected. 7)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)□ Claim(s) are subject to restrict	are withdrawn from								
Application Papers									
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the	ne Examiner.								
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any obje	ection to the drawing(s	s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) includin 11) The oath or declaration is objected to	•	-, ,	=	` '					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
Attachment(s)		_							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (OTO 048)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da							
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (i Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 of Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>120903</u>. 		5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:) - 152)					

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: the expression "reach" on page 7, line 10 appears to be a misspelling..

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 recites the limitation "NaOCI" in line 5. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 1 recites the limitation "Mn precipitate" in line 9. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 5 recites the limitation "the oxidative agent" in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim; also the meaning of the formula L/(L*min) is unclear.

Claims 4 and 6 recite the limitation "oxidative precipitation process" in lines 2 and 3. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Japanese patent No.2002-241856 in view of Brix (US 2,822,243). The Japanese patent discloses removing manganese from a solution containing manganese and cobalt but

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does not disclose adding sodium hypochlorite to effect precipitation of manganese (see Abstract) but Brix discloses introducing sodium hydroxide and sodium hypochlorite to precipitate manganese oxide, it would have bee obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to remove manganese from the Japanese solution by introducing sodium hydroxide and sodium hypochlorite since the Japanese patent discloses that manganese can also be precipitated.

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Japanese patent No.JP 357140838A in view of Brix (US 2,822,243). The Japanese patent discloses removing manganese from a solution containing manganese and cobalt but does not disclose adding sodium hypochlorite to effect precipitation of manganese (see Abstract) but Brix discloses introducing sodium hydroxide and sodium hypochlorite to precipitate manganese oxide, it would have bee obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to remove manganese from the Japanese solution by introducing sodium hydroxide and sodium hypochlorite since the Japanese patent discloses that manganese can also be precipitated.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Melvyn J. Andrews whose telephone number is (571)272-1239. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00A.M. to 4:30 P.M..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Roy V King can be reached on (571)272-1244. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MELVYN ANDREWS PRIMARY EXAMINER

MJA December 10,2004